

SUPPORT PLAN FOR WORK OF VOLUNTEERS AT THE E.F.A. BOARDING HOUSES, MOROCCO 2020-2021

This plan describes ways in which volunteers can help this project to develop their aims and goals.

The overall educational aim of this project is to help the girls in the boarding houses to achieve the highest level of achievement possible for them, to enable them to progress successfully to the next stage of their education.

Comments are based on the work of volunteers during the period up to December 2019, and are derived from questionnaires completed by the projects and reports written by the volunteers. New aims and actions, if any, are shown in **green** and these have either been identified from requests made by the projects or have arisen from the work done by volunteers. Any completed aims or actions are shown in **blue**.

AIMS	ACTIONS AND COMMENTS
1. To help the girls develop a higher level of competence, confidence and enjoyment in their learning of French.	• All volunteers identified that many of the younger girls need help to bring their French up to the standard expected, and this was also identified as an issue by their house mother. This is largely due to the quality of French teaching in the rural primary schools. Fluent French speakers can help to give the girls confidence and practice in speaking this language. This is the major aim – without fluent oral and written French the girls will not succeed at a higher level of education. One volunteer worked with small groups of girls on activities and games to improve their French, focusing on revising previously taught topics, letter writing and conversational French. • A folder of activities has been produced by one volunteer, designed to consolidate understanding of grammar and vocabulary and to apply and practise the skills of listening, speaking, reading and writing. The aim of this is to review, repeat and reinforce French which should have been taught in the primary schools, and is based on a review of primary school French books. Modern Language specialists should aim to add new material to this folder of activities. However volunteers should note that they are not taking formal lessons – they work with the girls in their free time, so consolidation of grammar through activities, games and conversation is the preferred approach. One volunteer made up word search and card matching games which were very popular.

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	• Dictionaries have been bought for all of the five houses (French/Arabic and French/English). Volunteers could help to develop and consolidate the girls' dictionary skills. • The writing of European script has been identified by several volunteers as a problem for some girls. Volunteers could help to provide the opportunity every day for the girls to practise writing in the European script (this could be done in French or English). The girls have now been provided with a special exercise book for use with volunteers which will provide the girls and future volunteers with information to ensure continuity of learning and latest volunteers have continued to use these. • Volunteers who are non-language specialists could work with the girls on the French books used in the primary schools, allowing the girls to teach them French, and in this way helping the girls to gain in confidence and consolidate their understanding of the language. Copies of these books are available at each of the boarding houses.
2. To help the girls to achieve a good level of conversational English to support their formal learning of English at school.	• Volunteers have used a variety of approaches to encourage conversation in English at an appropriate level for the girls in the group. This has generally occurred informally through chatting to them in the evenings, taking them for walks, sharing their meals and playing games with them. This approach should be continued by future volunteers. • With girls who are learning English at school, conversational work should be based around and develop vocabulary from topics currently being taught in class. Volunteers report that there are some useful English books at the boarding house which can be used to practise basics for beginners. School books can be used to help them with homework. One volunteer worked with small groups of girls at Asni 2 on activities to supplement their school textbooks and develop work around things they had done. She also devised story-telling games to improve their confidence in spoken English. • With younger girls, volunteers should work out activities, e.g. songs and games, to enable girls to learn vocabulary they will encounter near the start of their English course, thereby giving them confidence in their ability in this subject. One volunteer successfully combined English and French vocabulary and pronunciation in the games she devised. • The house mothers would like volunteers to find and use a variety of reading materials and resources to promote conversational English which might be more interesting and relevant to them than some of the content of their school textbooks.
3. To help the house mothers to develop a programme of	• One volunteer made a start on putting together suggestions for activities which could be used to provide a weekly programme of PSHE for the girls. Her plan was that the programme should include sex education, health education, personal hygiene, careers advice, choices and self-motivation. She also introduced the idea of a self-assessment process, which involved an end-of-term review for each of the girls (also to be carried out in Arabic). Completed self-assessment forms were to be kept in the girls'

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personal, social and health education	record files, along with other relevant information which the house mother needs to record. The house mothers now feel competent to ensure they are addressing these issues, creating plenty of opportunities for the girls to discuss issues of this nature in small groups, in a culturally appropriate manner. However volunteers able to offer expertise in first aid and health care would be welcomed, both to provide training to girls and house mothers and to set up a programme they can deliver themselves in future. • Volunteers could work with the older girls to develop their learning skills, showing them different ways of learning and helping with exam techniques. • The house mothers would also like volunteer help in encouraging the girls to think more widely about potential careers and life choices, encouraging them to have the confidence to take responsibility for themselves in their future lives.
4. To help develop a range of extra-curricular activities for the girls	• The house mother is keen to develop a range of enjoyable extra-curricular activities for the girls, to include craft activities, painting, modelling, music and games. Volunteers could help to develop this aim by contributing ideas for new activities and helping to source materials. The latest volunteer did some card-making sessions and origami; future volunteers should continue to add to these ideas. • One volunteer helped the girls sort out books donated to the boarding houses to help them use the library more easily to read for pleasure.

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5. To help the girls develop competence and confidence in their use of IT.	• Volunteers could work out a structured programme of activities for the girls to enable them to practise keyboard skills, including the opportunity for independent work. One volunteer gave all the younger girls the opportunity to write a text in Word, to edit and improve it, adding images and colour where possible, and arranged for these texts to be printed and stuck in their exercise books. • The girls could be encouraged to produce as much of their work as possible through the use of IT. • Volunteers could continue to show the girls how to use the Internet for research. The house mother has plans to introduce communication via Facebook and Skype, and most girls (except the youngest) now have a Facebook page. • Volunteers could use a variety of computer-based activities to encourage enjoyment and enthusiasm for the use of IT. One volunteer made good use of her i-pad in activities she devised. The girls need training in the appropriate use and care of hardware. • The girls could be encouraged to display neat copies of their work and to take a pride in the work they produce as well as the mark it achieves.
6. To help the house mother to provide a welcoming and supportive environment for the girls	• One volunteer highlighted the fact that the girls needed her not just for academic help but also for company; that they were pleased to have someone new to interact with. Future volunteers should realise the importance of helping to support the girls socially as well as academically. • All volunteers provided some help for the girls in doing their homework. This could include any subject (although most textbooks are in Arabic); for example one volunteer was able to provide a lot of support with Maths. • The house mother highlighted the value of having an experienced, older volunteer, particularly one who had been a housemother, as she understood the issues that arose in dealing with teenage girls. Volunteers able to help with strategies for counselling teenage girls would be particularly welcome.
7. To achieve a good level of co-ordination between the work of successive volunteers ensuring a good level	• A successful form of liaison needs to be worked out between Education For All and People and Places to ensure that volunteers from the two organisations complement each other's skills and are aware of each other's roles and strengths. This should include the passing on of reports written by volunteers from one organisation to volunteers from the other in advance of their placement.

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of progression, and to help facilitate good communication between the house mothers and EFA	• It is important that volunteers liaise directly with the housemothers as they have the best knowledge of the girls' individual needs etc. • Volunteers are encouraged by the house mother to write up the work they have done and leave a copy in the volunteers' corner of the workroom to avoid unnecessary repetition between the work of successive volunteers. Work produced by one volunteer was written up and copied in triplicate for each of the boarding houses. Future volunteers should add to this folder of resources and catalogue all resources produced so that they can easily be used by successive volunteers. Another left a resume of what she did on the volunteers' computer in the IT room, filed under her name. All recent volunteers have left copies of the work they have done in folders or exercise books to encourage continuity between the work of successive volunteers. • One volunteer helped the house mother to produce a monthly report for EFA. Future volunteers could help with this if required. • Volunteers could help the house mothers to maintain up-to-date records of the girls' academic progress and other activities and achievements. • A volunteer could produce a structured plan identifying topics taught at school for each subject, at what level and with related vocabulary. This could be linked to suggested activities which volunteers could do, linked to and reinforcing but not repeating work done at school. This would be particularly useful in the newer houses where the house mothers have less idea of what work previous volunteers have done and could provide a useful starting point while volunteers find their feet.
8. To provide opportunities for the house mothers to develop their level of conversational English and their confidence in speaking the language	• Volunteers could run a series of language workshops for staff from all the boarding houses. A previous volunteer ran some sessions which were much appreciated and the house mothers would love some further sessions in the future. • Volunteers should take every opportunity to encourage the house mothers to speak English through casual everyday conversation, particularly those who have had less exposure to the language in the past and who work with the younger girls where English is not so widely spoken. • One volunteer provided some private tuition for one of the deputy house-mothers in French and English. • Another volunteer helped Latifa with vocabulary she could use when replying formally to emails.

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